

Liste des objectifs

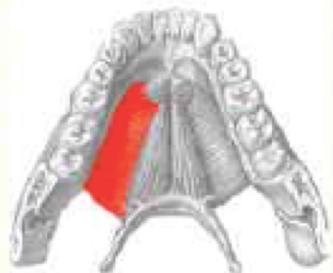
## Pharynx, langue, nerfs IX et X

- **Muscles du plancher buccal** : p. 1037-1038 [p. 1092- 1094]
- **Muscles de la langue, leur innervation** : p. 1039-1043 [p. 1095- 1100]
- **Innervation sensitive de la langue** : p. 1044-1045 [p. 1100- 1102]
- **Glandes salivaires** : situation, innervation : p. 863-864, 1046-1049 [p. 1102- 1105]
- **Le pharynx** :
  - **Topographie** : p. 988-995, 1049-1053 [p. 1040- 1048]
  - **Innervation** : p. 998-999 [p. 1051- 1052]
  - **Vascularisation** : p. 996-997, 1054-1055 [p. 1049- 1050]
- **Territoire d'innervation des nerfs glossopharyngien (IX) et vague (X)** : p. 851-853 [p. 899- 901]

## Les muscles du plancher buccal

**M. mylohyoideus** (The right and the left muscle together, secure the floor of the mouth in a plate-like shape.)

*N. mylohyoideus (N. mandibularis V/3)*



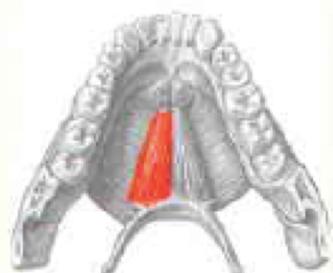
**O:** With a short tendon from the Linea mylohyoidea of the Mandibula

**I:** Raphe mylohyoidea, upper margin of the Corpus ossis hyoidei

**F:** Elevates the floor of the mouth and the tongue (as in swallowing), depresses the mandible, also elevates the hyoid bone, forms the muscular support for the tongue

**M. geniohyoideus** (The right and the left muscle are closely juxtaposed, only separated by a thin septum of connective tissue.)

*Rr. ventrales from C1-C2*

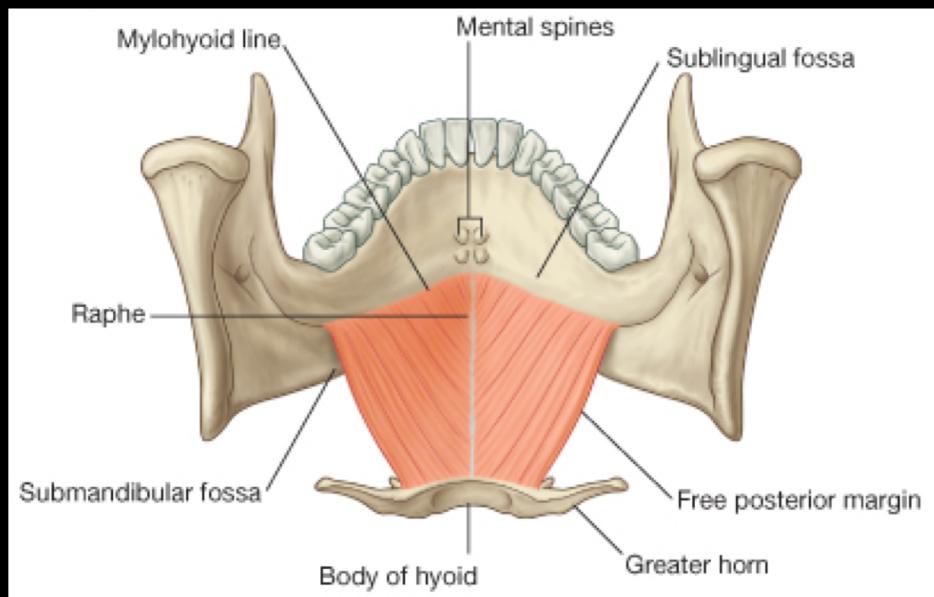


**O:** With a short tendon from the Spina mentalis of the Mandibula

**I:** Anterior surface of the Corpus ossis hyoidei

**F:** Supports the M. mylohyoideus in elevating the tongue, depresses the mandible, elevates the hyoid bone

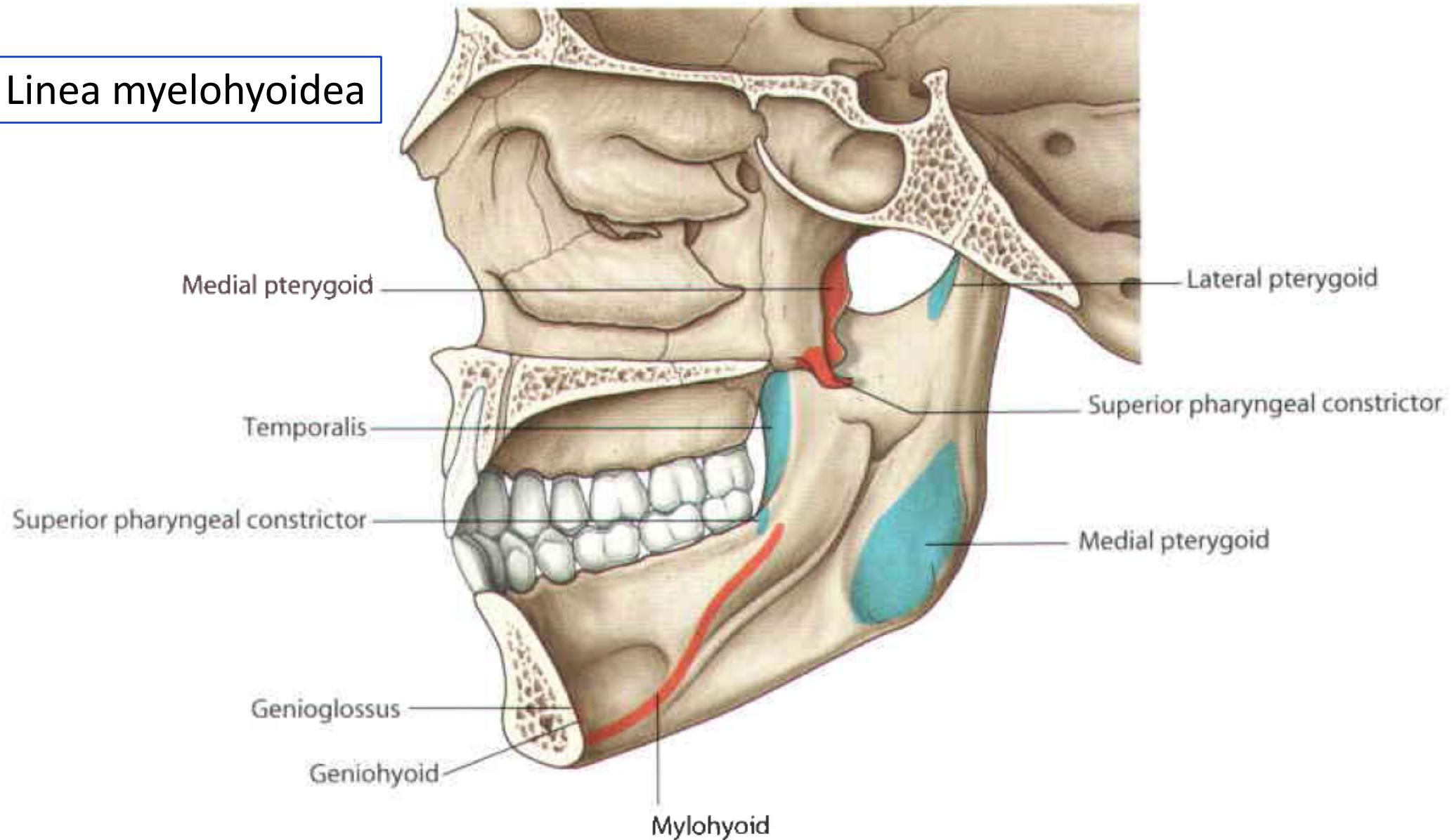
## Le plancher musculaire de la cavité buccale



Muscle mylo-hyoïdien

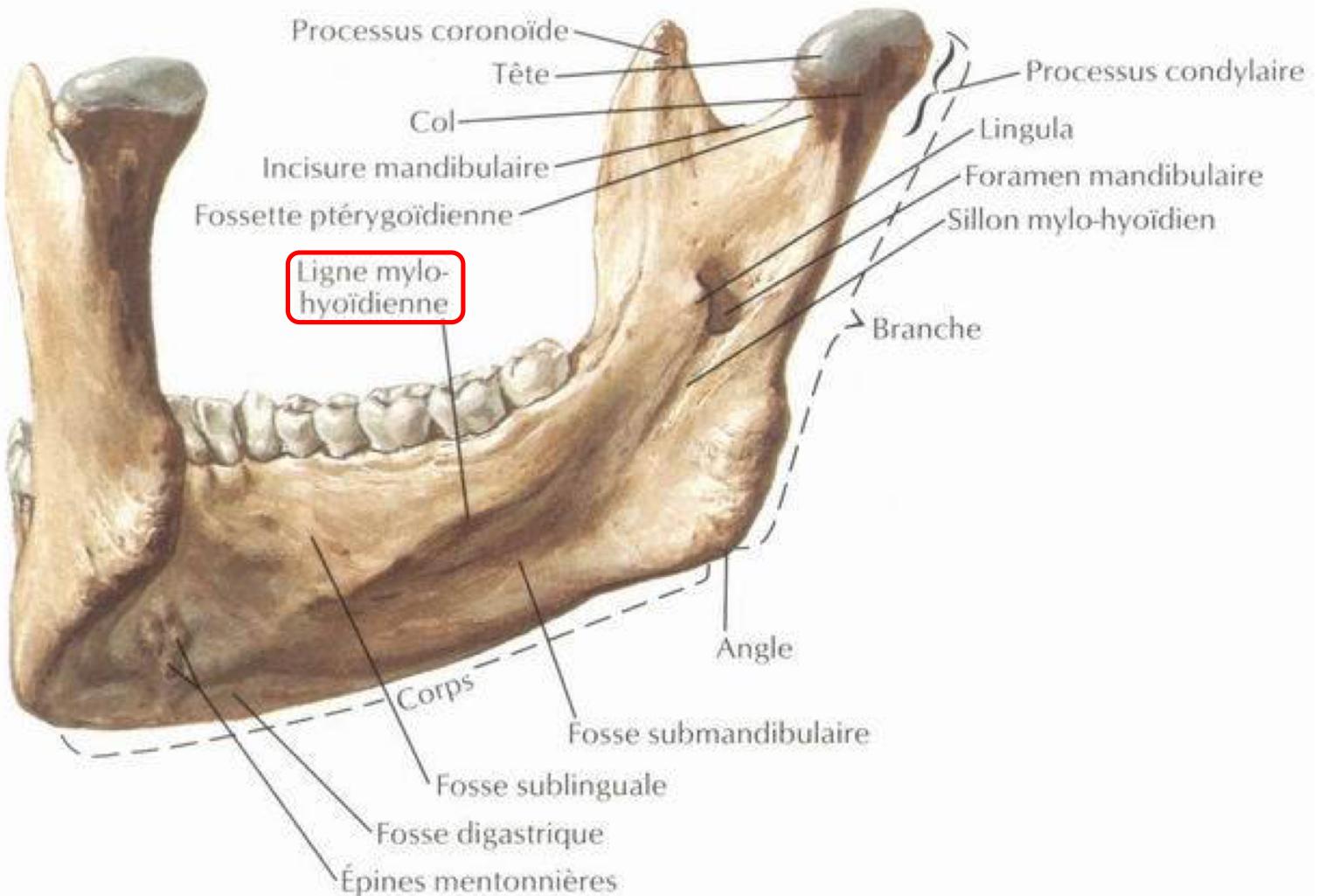


## Linea myelohyoidea



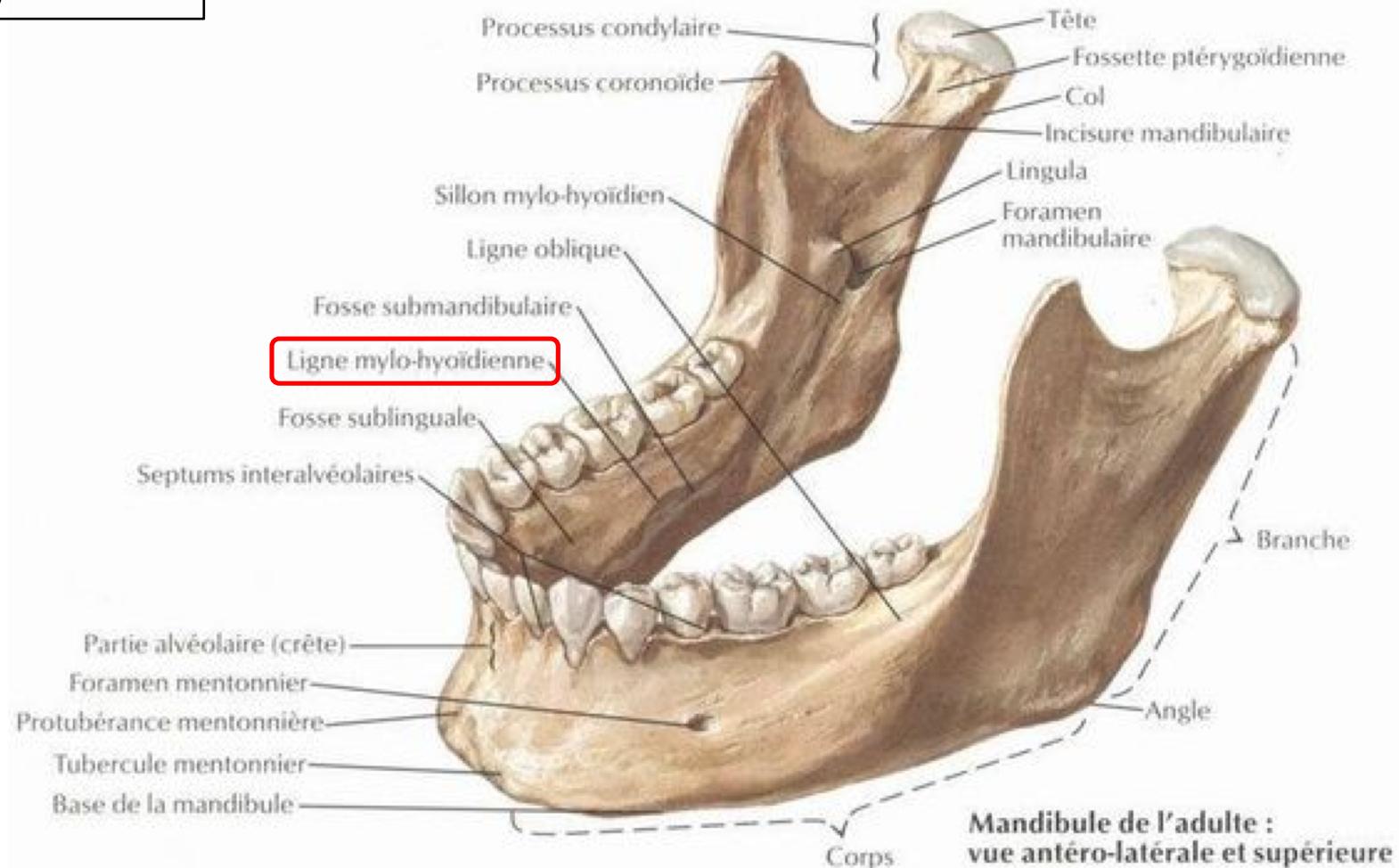
## Linea mylohyoidea

La **ligne mylo-hyoïdienne**  
est une crête osseuse.



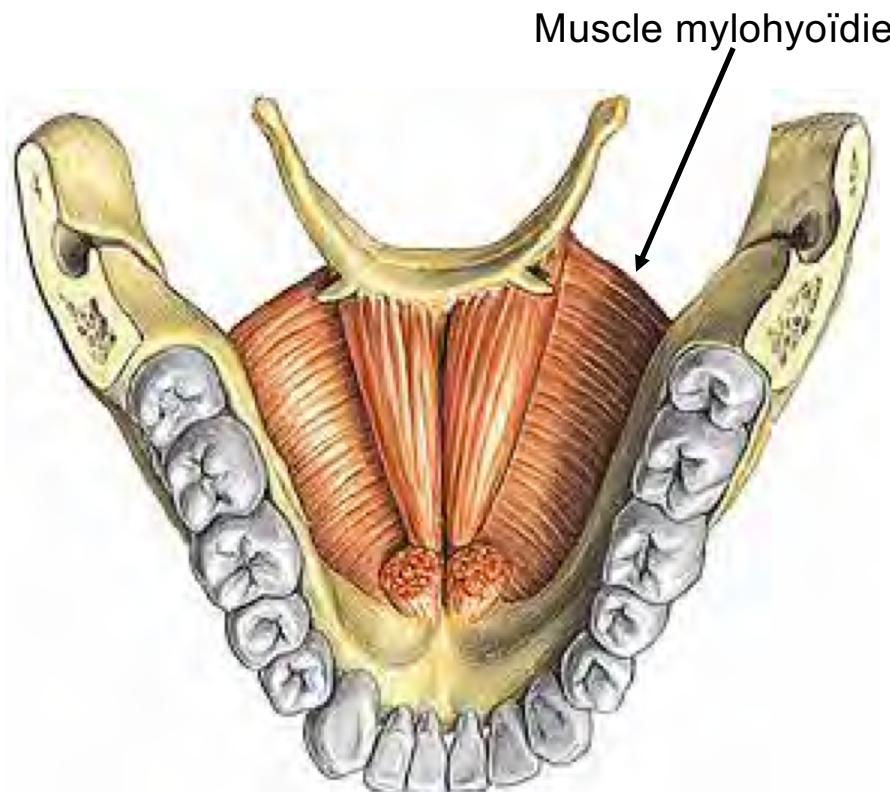
Mandibule de l'adulte :  
vue postérieure gauche

## La ligne mylo-hyoïdienne

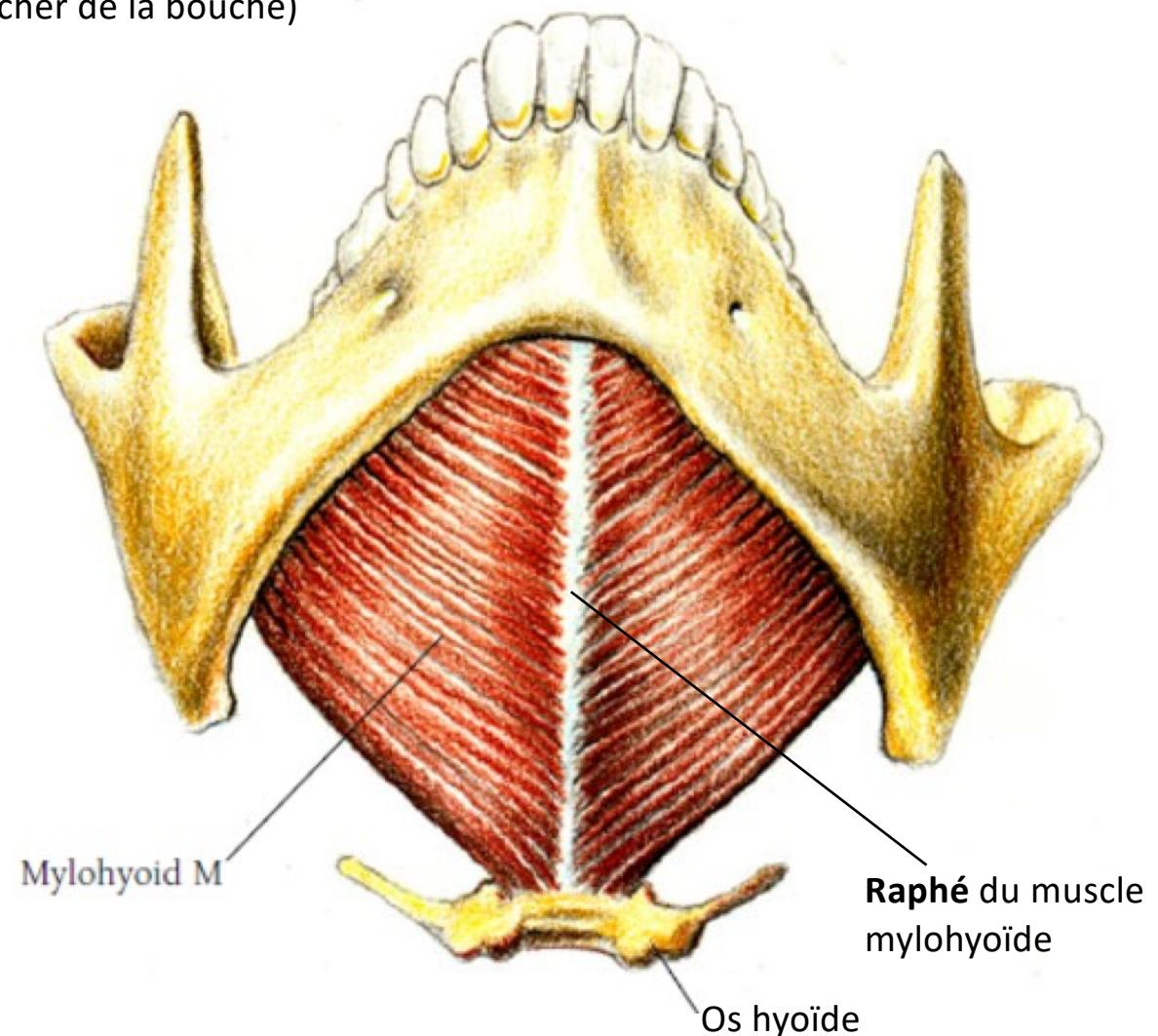


## 1. Le muscle mylohyoïdien

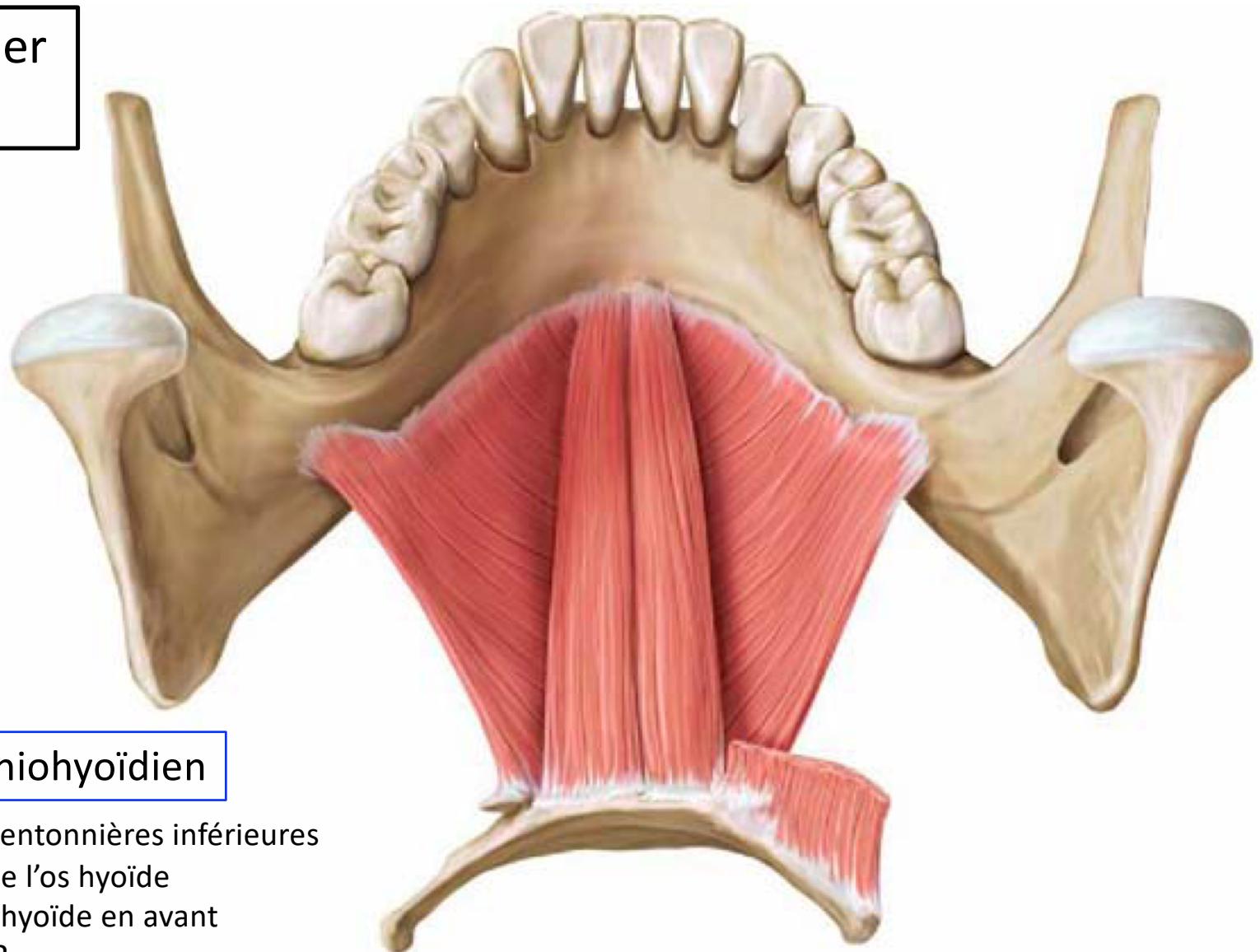
(plancher de la bouche)



Le bord postérieur du muscle mylohyoïdien  
contacte le corps de l'os hyoïde.

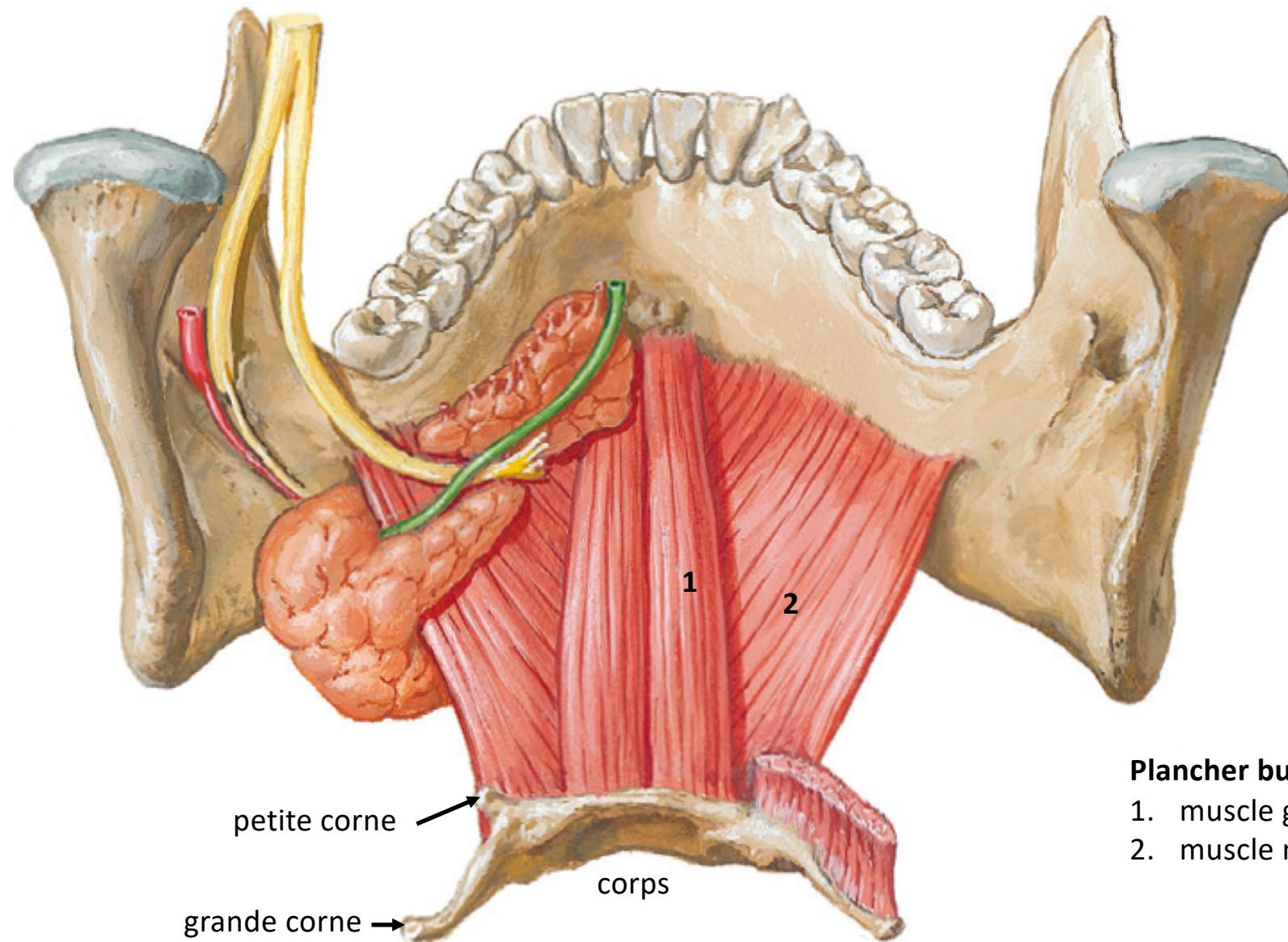


## Les muscles du plancher de la bouche



### 2. le muscle géniohyoïdien

- origine : épines mentonnières inférieures
- insertion : corps de l'os hyoïde
- fonction : tire l'os hyoïde en avant
- innervation: C1-C2



### Plancher buccal

1. muscle géniohyoïdien
2. muscle mylo-hyoïdien